

## מבחן דוגמא למיון רמה באנגלית – רמה 1

(למי שקיבל/ה 70-84 במבחן הפסיכומטרי)

קרא/י את המשפטים המופיעים מטה.

בחר/י את התשובה הנכונה מתוך שלוש התשובות.

כל תשובה נכונה מעניקה לך נקודה אחת.

מספר הנקודות הדרוש כדי לעלות לרמת בסיסי הוא 17.

התשובות למבחן מצויות בסופו.

1. The University president's fund-raising role is being revised. What is being revised?
  - 1) the President's role
  - 2) the University's role
  - 3) University funds
2. The lecture given by the specialist with the most experience in new technology was a success. What was a success?
  - 1) the experience
  - 2) the lecture
  - 3) the new technology
3. Their son has been living in the Great Britain for ten years. Their daughter lived there for four years. Who is still living there now?
  - 1) both their son and their daughter
  - 2) their daughter but not their son
  - 3) their son but not their daughter
4. We had discussed the paper when the teacher decided to talk about it. When did the teacher decide to talk about it?
  - 1) after we finished our discussion
  - 2) before we finished our discussion
  - 3) in the middle of our discussion

5. The student came into the library. He could not find the book on the shelf because it had been put in the wrong place. Who put the book in the wrong place?
- 1) the librarian
  - 2) the student
  - 3) we do not know
6. That driver should not have ignored the speed limit. Did the driver go over the speed limit?
- 1) No, he did not
  - 2) We do not know
  - 3) Yes, he did
7. If they had brought their lunch, they would have shared it.
- 1) They brought their lunch and they shared it with everyone.
  - 2) They brought their lunch, but they didn't want to share it.
  - 3) They didn't bring their lunch, so they couldn't share anything.
8. Had I read the news on that day, I would not have traveled abroad.
- 1) I read the news that day, but I traveled abroad anyway
  - 2) I did not read the news on that day, so I traveled abroad
  - 3) I read the news on that day, so I did not travel abroad
9. The doctor waited for the new patient in his office. The patient must have forgotten about the appointment. Did the appointment take place?
- 1) No, someone told the patient that the appointment was canceled
  - 2) No, the patient almost certainly forgot about the appointment
  - 3) Yes, the patient remembered the appointment

10. The electrician was repairing the car radio when we arrived at the garage. Were we able to drive off with the car as soon as we arrived?
- 1) No, we had to wait
  - 2) We don't know
  - 3) Yes, the car was ready
11. Today there are obvious ethical considerations that make any experiment involving the deliberate isolation of children impossible, but earlier ages were not always under such moral inhibitions. What is the difference between today and earlier ages?
- 1) The ethical considerations today are more inhibiting than in the past.
  - 2) The moral inhibitions today are less strict than they were in the past.
  - 3) Deliberate isolation of children is more ethical today than in the past.

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### **Text A**

- 1 There are several serious disadvantages to television. Of course, it provides us with a pleasant way to relax and spend our free time, but in some countries people may watch it for an average of six or more hours a day. Many children stare at the screen for more hours a day than they do anything else, including studying and sleeping. It is clear that TV has a powerful influence on their lives. People often become dissatisfied with their lives: they do not seem as exciting to them as the lives of the actors on the screen. Some people may become violent after certain programs. After the movie "The Deer Hunter" appeared on the screen, twenty people tried to kill themselves in a way similar to an event in the film
12. What is the main idea of the text?
- 1) People in many countries are addicted to television.
  - 2) Television has a number of negative effects on people.

- 3) Watching TV is a pleasant way to spend our free time.
13. How can violence on TV influence the viewer?
- 1) it may cause people to imitate violence
  - 2) it may lead people to choose more aggressive movies
  - 3) it may make people's lives look more exciting
14. What does the movie "The Deer Hunter" illustrate?
- 1) a more violent show than any TV show
  - 2) a show that is not good for children
  - 3) a violent show that can influence behavior
15. What does the word "them" in line 7 refer to?
- 1) actors
  - 2) lives
  - 3) people

### **Text B**

- 1 When a man commits a crime against society, he is sent to prison. Many people see this as a form of punishment. The criminal has injured society, so now he must suffer in jail. Others view his going to prison as a way to protect society. He will be kept away from other citizens and will not be able to harm them. The "punishers", as well as the "protectors of society" ignore
- 5 the reason for the crime. Similarly, they do not see that prison is not the best place to change a man. Just as the criminal's home life may have pushed him to crime, so life in prison will probably continue to encourage such behaviour.

16. Who will not harm other citizens?
- 1) The criminal who is changed in prison
  - 2) The criminal who is put to trial
  - 3) The criminal who is sent to prison

17. What is the main point of the text?
- 1) A prison is the best place to change a man who has committed a crime.
  - 2) Imprisonment is a form of punishment which may lead to more crime.
  - 3) Keeping the criminal in prison, away from other citizens, causes suffering.
18. Which two groups of people are compared in the text?
- 1) Criminals and victims
  - 2) Prisoners and other citizens
  - 3) Protectors and punishers
19. In the text, the writer compares two groups of people. In what way are they alike?
- 1) They think that a stay in prison can make people behave better.
  - 2) They think that the prisoner must pay for his crime by suffering in prison.
  - 3) They think that the prison sentence should depend on the crime.

## **Text C**

### **Net National Product**

- 1 Some economists believe that population growth leads to economic growth. They cite statistics showing that food production and individual income have generally grown since the end of World war II. Even in poor regions, health care and education have improved, even though the population has grown much faster than in the past.
- 2 One weakness of this argument is that it is based on statistics that do not take into account the destruction of environmental resources, on which all

production ultimately depends. These resources include the soil, freshwater, clean air, fisheries and forests. Undoubtedly, it is tempting to conclude from past trends that humans will find ways to overcome the stresses that growing populations impose on the natural environment.

- 3 Yet that is not likely to be the case. Societies already use an enormous 40% of the net energy created by photosynthesis. Some researchers have suggested that one should include the destruction of the environment when one estimates the net national product (NNP). The NNP is calculated by deducting the value of items like coal extracted or trees cut down from the total value of the national product. When NNP is considered, the future appears much less promising. Indeed, no ecologist would think that a future population of 11 billion (projected for the year 2050) can support itself at a standard of living of today's average American.

20. What is the main idea of this text?
- 1) Population, food production and income have grown
  - 2) Population growth harms the natural environment
  - 3) Population growth helps economic growth
21. What does "This argument" in paragraph 2 refer to?
- 1) the argument that food production and income have grown
  - 2) the argument that population growth leads to economic growth
  - 3) the argument that population has grown faster than in the past
22. What is the purpose of paragraph 3?
- 1) to expand the argument in paragraph 2
  - 2) to illustrate the argument in paragraph 2
  - 3) to oppose the argument in paragraph 2

23. What is the advantage of calculating the NNP in this new way?
- 1) it helps find the real value of the national product
  - 2) it increases the total value of the national product
  - 3) it lowers the value of products like coal and trees
24. What is the writer's attitude toward our economic problems?
- 1) he is optimistic about the future of the economy
  - 2) he thinks that people's lives will not improve
  - 3) we can't tell from the information given

## ANSWER SHEET

Answer	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Question number	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>11</i>

<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>12</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>14</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>19</i>

<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
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<i>20</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>22</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>24</i>
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